








General differences		
	ALTERYX	KNIME
The basic computation unit	 Tool	 Node
Execution	Full execution. Only execution of the full workflow is possible. You need tools like <i>Control Parameter</i> to stop/pause execution and inspect results.	Step by step execution. You can execute the workflow fully or node by node. You can inspect the node output after each node's execution.
Parameterization	Control Containers	Flow Variables
Collecting functionalities in one single element	Macros; More specifically the Standard Macros.	Components; Include a workflow segment, can have its own configuration dialog, and its own interactive view.
Repeating a workflow segment	Batch & Iterative Macros	Looping. A number of different loops can be implemented in KNIME using the loop nodes.
Pricing as of April 2024	Designer & Intelligence Suite: For paying	KNIME Analytics Platform: Free & open source. KNIME Business Hub: For paying
Comments & Descriptions	Comment Tool	Annotation Box
Repository	Tool Palette	Node Repository
Complex interactive visualization framework	Analytic Application	Data App. An interactive visualization framework from the composite view of a component.


Parse



KNIME has dedicated nodes for handling Date&Time objects. You can convert Strings into Date&Time objects (**String to Date&Time**), parse them (**Date&Time Part Extractor**), shift them in time (**Date&Time Shift**), or calculate the difference to another Date&Time object (**Date&Time Difference**).




Expression: Performs string, logic, and math operations on values in columns for multiple rows and fields. The *String Replacer* and *Regex Split* nodes represent a more focused version for string-based operations only.




Cell Splitter: Splits String values using a user-specified delimiter character. To split at a specific position use the *Cell Splitter By Position* node.

Reporting









Report PDF Writer: Transforms the composite view of a component into a report and writes it to a PDF file at the specified location.



Render Tool

In/out

Files



While Alteryx has one tool to open all sorts of data sources, KNIME has several *Reader* nodes, each dedicated to a specific data source, e.g., *Excel Reader* for .xlsx, *CSV Reader* for .csv, *JSON Reader* for .json, etc. To parse textual content you can use the *Tika Parser*. *Reader* nodes have an optional input port to read files from remote file systems. The same concept applies to the *Output Data* tool: KNIME has several *Writer* nodes to write data to a specific file.






Table Creator: Lets you create data within an Excel style table.



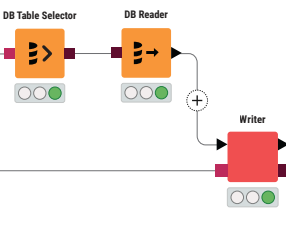
Create Date&Time Range: Generates date and/or time values. The *Date&Time Configuration* node achieves similar results.


Databases



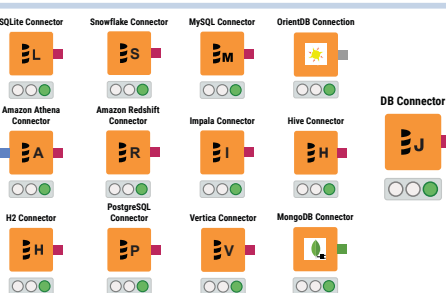
While Alteryx relies on the *Input Data* tool and on the *Connect In-DB* tool, in KNIME you need to build a small segment with the following nodes:


- **<database> Connector:** Connects to the database.
- **DB Table Selector:** Selects the table to work on.
- **DB <database operation>:** Builds the SQL query
- **DB Reader:** Imports the data into the workflow according to the SQL query (*Data Stream Out tool in Alteryx*).
- **DB Writer:** Inserts the data into the selected database from the input table (*Data Stream In tool in Alteryx*).






KNIME has dedicated *Connector* nodes that connect to specific SQL (e.g., *SQLite Connector*), noSQL (e.g., *MongoDB Connector*), or big data (e.g., *Hive Connector*) platforms, or establish cloud connections (e.g., *Amazon Athena Connector*). They require a limited number of settings, e.g., hostname and credentials.






Google BigQuery Connector: Creates a connection to a Google BigQuery Server via its JDBC Driver.


Get the free **From Alteryx to KNIME** booklet from the KNIME Press:




Data investigation




Statistics: Calculates a variety of basic statistics for each selected column, including minimum, maximum, mean, and standard deviation. This node also generates histograms for each column.




Data Explorer: Summarizes and displays statistical properties of the input data in an interactive view.




Histogram: Displays the frequency distribution of a numeric variable, identifying patterns and anomalies.




Linear Correlation: Calculates for each pair of selected columns a correlation coefficient, i.e., a measure of the correlation of the two variables.



Box Plot: Displays the distribution of a numeric variable with quartiles, median, and outliers. Useful for comparing distributions and identifying outliers. For box plots by class value use the *Conditional Box Plot (JavaScript)* node.




Violin Plot (Plotly): Creates violin plots to visualize the distribution of multiple numeric variables using the Plotly library.




Scatter Plot: Visualizes relationships between two numeric variables through points on a plane, identifying correlations, clusters, and patterns.


Join




Expression: Performs string, logic, and math operations on values in columns for multiple rows and fields.




Concatenate: Stacks two or more data tables vertically by piling up cells in columns with the same name. Cells in not overlapping columns are filled with missing values.



Value Lookup: Matches values in selected columns with dictionary values and appends the matching values as a new column. To replace matching values use the *Cell Replacer* node.




Cross Joiner: Performs a cross join of two tables.




Joiner: Joins rows from two data tables based on common values in one or more key columns. The output - inner join, left outer join, right outer join, full outer join, or the respective antijoins - can be split into multiple output tables.


Transform




Row Aggregator: Groups the rows of a table by a selected category column and aggregates columns using an aggregation function, including counting. The *GroupBy* node offers more sophisticated functionality.




Pivot: Extends the aggregation functionality of the *GroupBy* node by creating an output data table with columns and rows for the unique values in selected input columns. The unique values of the grouping column become rows and the unique values of the pivoting column become columns.



Unpivot: Stacks the cells of the selected value columns into one column. The cells of the selected remaining input columns are appended to the corresponding output rows. To simply convert the rows to columns and columns to rows use the *Table Transposer* node.



Moving Aggregator: Aggregates column values for a defined moving window based on various aggregation functions. The window length is user-defined and can be any number from 2 to the maximum number of rows in the table. The aggregation values are appended as new columns.




GroupBy: Groups the rows of a table by the unique values in selected columns and calculates aggregation and statistical measures for the defined groups.

Interface


Widget nodes provide input parameters for other nodes in the workflow and are shown as widgets in the composite view of a component. These nodes enable user interaction through web-based forms for selection, filtering, and value input, such as text box, radio button, and download menus. The output of a *Widget* node is a *Flow Variable* that can be used to overwrite configuration settings of downstream nodes.

Accordingly, *Configuration* nodes offer the same functionality for use in the configuration window of a component.


Select:




Preparation




Row Sampling: Extracts a sample from the input data according to a sampling strategy. To split the input data into two subsets use the *Partitioning* node.




Expression: Performs string, logic, and math operations on values in columns for multiple rows and fields. For more focused string-based operations use the *String Manipulation* or *String Manipulation (Multi Column)* nodes. For missing value imputation use the *Missing Value* node. For math operations only use the *Math Formula* or *Math Formula (Multi Column)* nodes.



KNIME has several specific *Filter* nodes. The generic **Row Filter** node filters rows in or out of the input table according to a filtering rule. The rule can match a value in a selected column, numbers in a numerical range, logic operations, RowID, and progressive row numbers. To split the input data into two subsets according to a specific rule, use the *Row Splitter* node.



Missing Value: Define and apply a strategy to replace missing values in the input table - either globally on all columns, or individually for each column separately.



Auto Binner: Allows to group numeric data in intervals (= bins). Use the *Numeric Binner* node if you want to define custom bins.






Table Manipulator: Performs several column transformations on the input table, e.g., renaming, filtering, re-ordering, and type changing of the input columns. For case-specific operations you can use one of the dedicated nodes like *Table Cropper*, *Column Filter*, *Column Resorter*, *Column Renamer*, *String to Number*, etc.








Sorter: Sorts the table in ascending or descending order based on the values of one or more columns. String-compatible columns can be sorted in alphanumeric instead of lexicographic order.





Duplicate Row Filter: Detects duplicate rows and allows removing or keeping them.


In-database


Nodes for building SQL queries to extract the data from the database. The final SQL query is formed by the sequence of SQL queries implemented by each node.






















DB Table Creator: Creates a new database table.



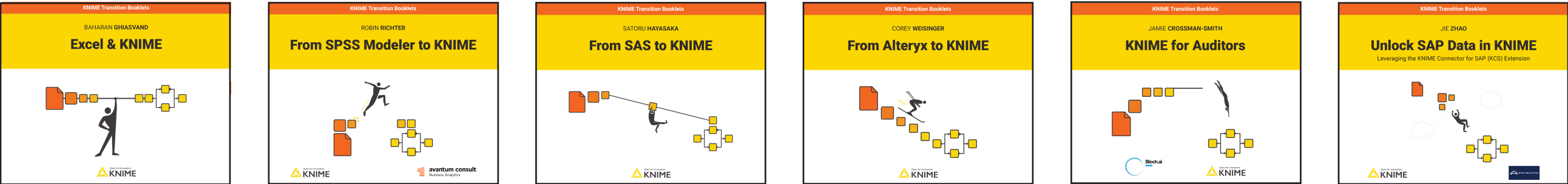
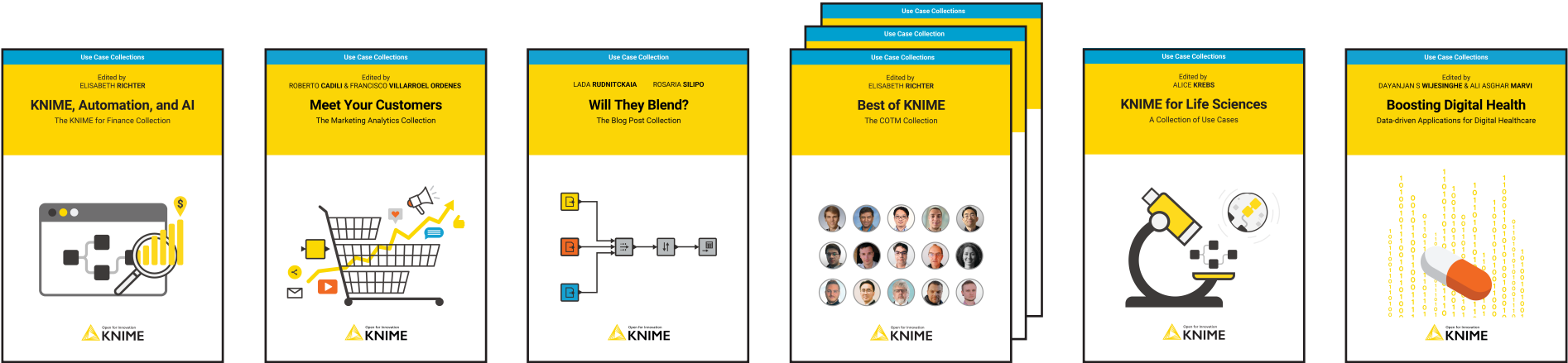
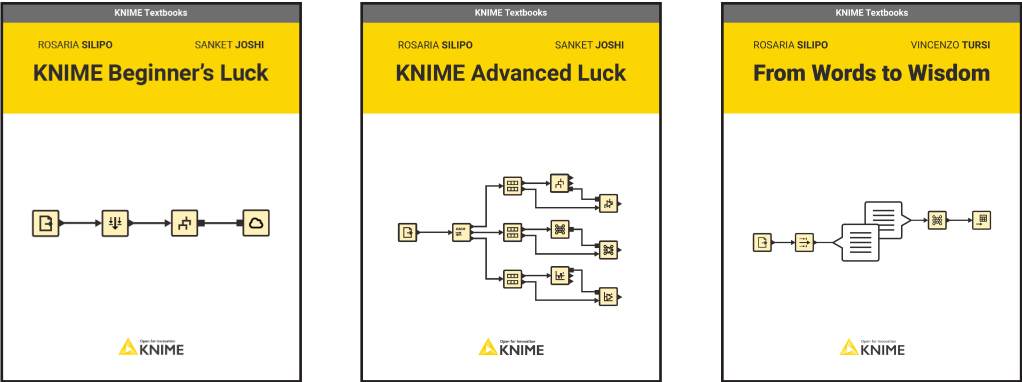
DB Loader: Allows for database specific data checks when loading large amounts of data into an existing database table.

Spatial

KNIME has a full extension of nodes for processing, analyzing, and visualizing Geospatial data, named *Geospatial Analytics Extension* for KNIME.



Extend your KNIME knowledge with our collection of books from KNIME Press. For beginner and advanced users, through to those interested in specialty topics such as topic detection, data blending, and classic solutions to common use cases using KNIME Analytics Platform - there's something for everyone. Available for download at www.knime.com/knimepress.



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